

OCT 0 2 2001

The Honorable Joanne M. S. Brown Legislative Secretary I Mina Bente Sais na Liheslaturan Guåhan Twenty-Sixth Guam Legislature Suite 200 130 Aspinal Street Hagåtña, Guam 96910

Dear Legislative Secretary Brown:

Enclosed please find Bill No. 90 (LS) entitled: "AN ACT TO ADD § 12111 TO TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN AN INSURER AND INSURED" which I have signed into law as Public Law No. 26-39.

This legislation regulates how a "conflicts attorney" is selected and paid for by an insurance company, when a conflict of interest arises between the insurance company and the insured.

When an insured is sued, the insurance company usually has to defend the insured as part of the policy. When a conflict of interest arises, under this legislation the insurance company will pay for another separate attorney to represent the insured, apart from the attorney representing the company. The attorney selected to represent the insured, in this situation, must be an attorney who has had 5 years of experience in civil litigation, and must charge rates that are usual rates for the same type of litigation.

This legislation specifies that it is not a conflict of interest between an insured and the insurance company if the insured would like to sue for punitive damages, or if the insured is sued for an amount that is greater than the amount of the insurance policy.

This legislation specifies the situation under which an insurance company hires a "conflicts attorney" for the insured. An insured can also hire an attorney at any time, and pay for the attorney themselves.

Very truly yours,

Carl T. C. Gutierrez I Maga'Lahen Guåhan Governor of Guam

Attachment:

cc:

0494

OFFICE OF THE HEGISLATIVE SECRETARY

ACKNOWLEDGMENT RECEIPT

MINA'BENTE SAIS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2001 (FIRST) Regular Session

CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO I MAGA'LAHEN GUÅHAN

This is to certify that Bill No. 90 (LS), "AN ACT TO ADD § 12111 TO TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN AN INSURER AND INSURED," was on the 14th day of September, 2001, duly and regularly passed.

ANTONIO R. UNPINGCO
Speaker

Attested:

JOANNE M.S. BROWN
Senator and Legislative Secretary

This Act was received by I Maga'lahen Guåhan this QOHA day of September, 2001, at _____ 2:00 ____ o'clock f.M.

Assistant Staff Officer

Maga'lahi's Office

CARL T. C. GUTIERREZ

I Maga'lahen Guåhan

Date: <u>/0 - 2 - 0 /</u>
Public Law No. <u>26 - 3</u>

MINA'BENTE SAIS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2001 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 90 (LS)

As amended.

Introduced by:

A. R. Unpingco F. P. Camacho Mark Forbes J. F. Ada T. C. Ada F. B. Aguon, Jr. J. M.S. Brown E. B. Calvo M. C. Charfauros L. F. Kasperbauer L. A. Leon Guerrero

V. C. Pangelinan A. L.G. Santos

J. T. Won Pat

AN ACT TO ADD § 12111 TO TITLE 22 OF THE RELATIVE TO GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, BETWEEN AN CONFLICTS INTEREST INSURER AND INSURED.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM: 1

- 2 Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. ILiheslaturan Guåhan 3
 - finds that there is a need to eliminate uncertainty concerning the rights of
- insured parties and insurers following a claimed loss and during the claims 4
- 5 process. This includes the following concerns:
- I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that there is a need to eliminate 6 (a)
- 7 uncertainty concerning the right of an insured to select independent

counsel when a conflict of interest arises between insured and insurer together with the obligation of the insurer to pay for such legal services.

- (b) I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that there is a need to define the duty of an insurer to provide independent counsel for its insured when an insurer reserves its rights as to coverage under a policy of insurance, and to define the advent of a conflict of interest which requires that the insured be permitted to select independent counsel whose legal fees are paid by the insurer.
- (c) I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that there is a need to address the issues of denial of coverage by an insurer, claims in excess of policy limits and/or claims for punitive damages.
- (d) I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that there is a need to determine the qualifications of independent counsel selected by the insured, and the compensation of such counsel by the insurer in order to assure adequate representation and to avoid excessive or fraudulent billings for legal services provided by independent counsel.
- (e) I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that there is a need to ensure protection of the attorney-client privilege in the context of independent counsel for insureds arising from conflict of interest.
- (f) I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that there is a need to provide for resolution of attorney fee disputes and waiver of counsel.
- Section 2. Section 12111 is hereby *added* to Article 1, Chapter 12, Division 2 of Title 22 of the Guam Code Annotated to read as follows:

"Section 12111. Conflict of Interest Between Insured and Insurer.

- (a) If the provisions of a policy of insurance impose a duty to defend upon an insurer and a conflict of interest arises which creates a duty on the part of the insurer to provide independent counsel to the insured, the insurer shall provide independent counsel to represent the insured, unless, at the time the insured is informed that a possible conflict may arise or does exist, the insured expressly waives, in writing, the right to independent counsel. An insurance contract may contain a provision which sets forth the method of selecting independent counsel consistent with this Section.
- (b) For purposes of this Section, a conflict of interest does not exist as to all allegations or facts in the litigation for which the insurer denies coverage; however, when an insurer reserves its rights on a given issue and the outcome of that coverage issue can be controlled by counsel first retained by the insurer for the defense of the claim, a conflict of interest may exist. No conflict of interest shall be deemed to exist as to allegations of punitive damages or be deemed to exist solely because an insured is sued for an amount in excess of the insurance policy limits.
- (c) When the insured has selected independent counsel to represent the insured, the insurer may exercise its right to require that the counsel selected by the insured possess certain *minimum*

qualifications, which may include that the selected counsel have: (i) at least five (5) years in civil litigation practice, which includes substantial defense experience in the subject at issue in the litigation; and (ii) errors and omissions coverage.

The insurer's obligation to pay fees to the independent counsel selected by the insured is *limited* to the rates which are actually paid by the insurer to attorneys retained by it in the ordinary course of business in the defense of similar actions in the community where the claim arose or is being defended. This Subdivision does *not* invalidate other different or additional policy provisions pertaining to attorney's fees or providing methods of settlement of disputes concerning those fees.

Any dispute concerning attorney's fees *not* resolved by these methods shall be resolved by final and binding arbitration by a single neutral arbitrator selected by the parties to the dispute. In the event that the parties cannot agree upon the selection of a neutral arbitrator, then upon petition of any party to the dispute, the Superior Court of Guam shall designate a neutral arbitrator.

(d) When independent counsel has been selected by the insured, it shall be the duty of that counsel and the insured to disclose to the insurer all information concerning the action, except privileged materials relevant to coverage disputes, and to timely inform and consult with the insurer on all matters relating to the action. Any claim of privilege asserted is subject to in camera

review by the Superior Court of Guam. Any information disclosed by the insured or by independent counsel is *not* a waiver of the privilege as to any other party, person or legal entity.

- (e) The insured may waive its rights to select independent counsel by signing the following statement: 'I have been advised and informed of my right to select independent counsel to represent me in this lawsuit. I have considered this matter fully and freely waive my right to select independent counsel at this time. I authorize my insurer to select a defense attorney to represent me in this lawsuit.'
- (f) Where the insured selects independent counsel pursuant to the provisions of this Section, both the counsel provided by the insurer and independent counsel selected by the insured shall be allowed to participate in all aspects of the litigation. Counsel shall cooperate fully in the exchange of information that is consistent with each counsel's ethical and legal obligation to the insured.

Nothing in this Section shall relieve the insured of the insured's duty to cooperate with the insurer under the provisions of the insurance contract."



June 26, 2001

The Honorable Antonio R. Unpingco Speaker I Mina' Bente Sais Na Liheslaturan Guahan 155 Hessler Street Hagatna, Guam 96910

The Committee votes are as follows:

7 To Pass

Dear Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on Tourism, Transportation and Economic Development, to which was referred Bill No. 90 (LS), "AN ACT TO ADD §12111 TO ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 12, DIVISION 2 OF TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE INSURER AND INSURED; DUTY OF INSURER TO PROVIDE INDEPENDENT COUNSEL TO INSURED IN CERTAIN CASES; SELECTION AND COMPENSATION OF COUNSEL; WAIVER OF COUNSEL," does hereby report back with the recommendation TO DO PASS.

Not To Pass To The Inactive File Abstained Off-Island Not Available
A copy of the Committee Report and all pertinent documents are attached for your information and file.
Sincerely,

Felix P. Camacho

Committee on Tourism, Transportation & Economic Development



MINA ' "ENTE SAIS NA LIHE" LATURAN GUÅHAN

Kumitehan Areklamento, Hinanao Gubetnamenton Hinirat, Rifotma yan Rinueba, van Asunton Fidirat, Taotao Hiyong yan Hinirat

> Senadot Mark Forbes, Gebilu Kabisiyon Mayurat

∄ 3 JUN 2001

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Chairman

Committee on Tourism, Transportation and Economic Development

FROM:

Chairman

Committee on Rules, General Governmental Operations, Reorganization and

Reform, and Federal, Foreign and General Affairs

SUBJECT:

Principal Referral – Bill No. 90 (LS)

The above bill is referred to your Committee as the Principal Committee, in accordance with Section 6.04.05.01. of the Standing Rules. Your Committee is the Committee authorized to perform the public hearing on this bill and to amend or substitute the bill, as well as report the bill out to the Body. It is recommended that you schedule a public hearing at your earliest convenience.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

MARK FORBES

Attachment

COMMITTEE REPORT

ON

BILL NO. 90(LS)

"AN ACT TO ADD §12111 TO ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 12, DIVISION 2 OF TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE INSURER AND INSURED; DUTY OF INSURER TO PROVIDE INDEPENDENT COUNSEL TO INSURED IN CERTAIN CASES; SELECTION AND COMPENSATION OF COUNSEL; WAIVER OF COUNSEL."

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Chairman: Felix P. Camacho Vice Chairman: Kaleo Moylan Ex-Officio Member: Antonio R. Unpingco

Larry Kasperbauer
Joseph Ada
Mark Forbes
Eddie Baza Calvo
Mark Charfauros
Ben Pangelinan
Tom Ada
Lou Leon Guerrero

VOTING SHEET

BILL 90 (LS)

RECOMMENDATION TO					
COMMITTEE MEMBERS	SIGNATURE	TO PASS	NOT TO PASS	ABSTAIN	INACTIVE FILE
Senator Felix Camacho	Jamosho	-			
Senator Kaleo Moylan					
Speaker Tony Unpingco					
Vice Speaker Larry Kasperbauer	SIKA	人			
Senator Joseph Ada	Jusem + led	. 🛚 🏌			
Senator Mark Forbes	MA				
Senator Eddie Baza Calvo					
Senator Mark Charfauros		,			
Senator Ben Pangelinan	-3	1			
Senator Tom Ada	-2000 CX	/			
Senator Lou Leon Guerrero					

COMMITTEE REPORT TOURISM, TRANSPORTATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

BILL NO. 90 (LS)

AN ACT TO ADD §12111 TO ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 12, DIVISION 2 OF TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE INSURER AND INSURED; DUTY OF INSURER TO PROVIDE INDEPENDENT COUNSEL TO INSURED IN CERTAIN CASES; SELECTION AND COMPENSATION OF COUNSEL; WAIVER OF COUNSEL.

I. PUBLIC HEARING

The Committee on Tourism, Transportation and Economic Development held a public hearing on June 19th, at 10 a.m. to hear testimony on Bill No. 90(LS), "AN ACT TO ADD §12111 TO ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 12, DIVISION 2 OF TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE INSURER AND INSURED; DUTY OF INSURER TO PROVIDE INDEPENDENT COUNSEL TO INSURED IN CERTAIN CASES; SELECTION AND COMPENSATION OF COUNSEL; WAIVER OF COUNSEL."

The hearing was called to order by Senator Felix P. Camacho, Chairman of the Committee on Tourism, Transportation and Economic Development. Members present included Vice Speaker Larry Kasperbauer and Senators Kaleo Moylan, Tom Ada, Mark Charfauros and Ben Pangelinan.

Present to testify were: Mr. Richard Reber, Mr. Wayne Rideout, Mr. John E. Moore and Mr. Lawrence Teker.

II. <u>TESTIMONY</u>

Mr. Richard Reber, the chairman of the Insurance Association of Guam, testified in favor of Bill No. 90. He said the insurance association has unanimous support of the measure and referenced an April letter that he sent to Speaker Antonio Unpingco.

Mr. Wayne Rideout, representing AON Insurance Micronesia (Guam) Inc., appeared for testimony on the measure. He said it was "the right was to go' and indicated that Bill No. 90 will lead to equity in the insurance industry.

Attorney John Moore, representing Pacific Indemnity, testified in favor of the bill. He said he supports Bill No. 90 for several reasons. He said the measure will eliminate uncertainty concerning the right of an insured to select independent counsel in those cases where a genuine conflict of interest arises between the insured and his insurance company. He also said it will require the insurance company to pay the legal fees generated by independent counsel in cases involving a legitimate conflict of interest. He indicated that it will relieve the insurance company from the obligation to pay for independent counsel and will eliminate abuses in some cases.

Attorney Lawrence Teker, representing Teker, Civille and Torres also testified in favor of the bill. He said Bill No. 90 follows California law and is fair to all sides involved in the insurance industry. Teker said this will be something that judges will not have to decide. He said now it will be set in the law. Because of this, Teker said he fully supports the passage of the bill.

III. FINDINGS

The Committee finds that Bill No. 90 (LS) will eliminate the uncertainty concerning the rights of insured parties and insurers following a claimed loss and during the claims process. This includes the right of an insured to select independent counsel when a conflict of interest arises between the insured and insurer together with the obligation of the insurer to pay for such legal services.

IV. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Committee on Tourism, Transportation and Economic Development hereby reports out Bill No. 90 (LS) with the recommendation **TO DO PASS.**

EQUITAL_E ADJUSTING & SERVICL COMPANY



MEMBER OF MOYLAN'S INSURANCE COMPANIES

101 AGANA SHOPPING CENTER • AGANA, GUAM 96910 PHONE: (671) 477-8574 / 8490 • FAX: (671) 477-1837

June 18, 2001

The Honorable Senator Felix P. Camacho Chairman Committee on Tourism, Transportation a& Economic Development Twenty-sixth Guam Legislature Suite 15-B-777 Route 4 Sinajana, Guam 96926

Re

Bills 90 & 94

Dear Honorable Senator Camacho:

We commend all the good senators with great ideas who sponsored these Bills 90 & 94 to implement law and order to regulate the insurance industry on Guam.

On behalf of Equitable Adjusting & Service Company, we appreciate this opportunity to present our comments and suggestions to the proposed amendments. We agree with the ideas to regulate promptness on claims handling in the insurance industry.

Section 12310: Unfair Claims Settlement Practices, 1)Reasonable standards for the prompt investigations of claims arising under the insurance policies: (promptly or reasonably is quite restrictive.) Would suggest 60 days to include time needed to investigate the claims.

Section 15710: Insurance Adjusters. It is suggested that off-island adjusters should be controlled by the government authorities and be required to register and be licensed locally before they are allowed to do business on island. This is to ensure that they pay their GRT from the income they derived while conducting business on island.

Section 18602: Willful Act or negligence of Insured. This section should be revised. The inclusion of "Negligence" for the insurance carrier to deny coverage is against public interest. Negligence is unforeseen action that is not intended to cause injury or property damages and will not be construed as willful act to bar recovery. Agree with "willful act or intentional act" of the insured.

Thank you for giving us a chance to present our comments.

Sincerely

Cresencio M. Anas



erican Home Assurance Company CGU International Insurance P/C Chung Kuo Insurance Company, Ltd. Dai-Tokyo Fire & Marine Company, Ltd.

Dongbu Insurance Company

Firstnet Insurance Company
National Union Fire Insurance Company
New Hampshire Insurance Company

Nichido Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd. Pacific Indemnity Insurance Company QBE Insurance (International) Ltd. Tokio Marine & Fire Insurance Company

Zurich Insurance (Guam), Inc.

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Richard Reber Chairman (671) 477-1663/4

Ray Schnabel Vice-Chairman (671) 477-9808

Monique R. Baysingar Secretary/Treasurer (671) 477-1663/4

April 10, 2001

The Honorable Antonio R. Unpingco Speaker Twenty-Sixth Guam Legislature 155 Hesier Street Hagátria, Guam 96910

Re:

Proposed Legislation

Dear Mr. Soeaker.

It has come to our attention that legislation has been proposed that would clarify and define the rights and duties between insurance companies, their clients and the attorney for both, when a possible conflict of interests arises between the party(s).

Post-It a brand tax transmittal memo 7671 on pages

SEN FITOR CHAINS

The proposed legislation mirrors Section 2860 of the California Civil Code. This section was enacted to address exactly the same problem that we have here, and successfully eliminated the confusion and abuses, on both sides, in consumer/insurance company/attorney disputes over their respective duties when involved in a lawsuit.

A copy of the proposed legislation is attached for your reference. The association heartily endorses this bill in its present form, and wanted to formally advise you of our support of its passage. Your favorable view and help towards that end would be greatly appreciated.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Richard R. Reber, II Chairman

CC:

John E. Moore, Esq. Robert Greenwell

2nd 3/1.

ITE SAIS NA LIHESLATURAN GUAHAN

2001 (FIRST) Regular Session

Date: 9/14/01

VOTING SHEET

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Res					
					
NAME	YEAS	<u>NAYS</u>	NOT VOTING/ ABSTAINED	OUT DURING ROLL CALL	ABSENT
ADA, Joseph F.	~				
ADA, Thomas C.	V				
AGUON, Frank B., Jr.	V				
BROWN, Joanne M. S.	V				
CALVO, Eddie B.					
CAMACHO, Felix P.					
CHARFAUROS, Mark C.	~	-			
FORBES, Mark					
KASPERBAUER, Lawrence F.	-				
LEON GUERRERO, Lourdes A.					
MOYLAN, Kaleo S.			Vercuser	R	
PANGELINAN, Vicente C.					
SANTOS, Angel L.G.					
UNPINGCO, Antonio R.					
WON PAT, Judith T.					
TOTAL	14	0	/_	0	0
CERTIFIED TRUE AND CORRECT:					
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Clerk of the Legislature				3 Passes = No A = Excused Al	

(b) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to define the 1 duty of an insurer to provide independent counsel for its 2 insured when an insurer reserves its rights as to coverage 3 under a policy of insurance and to define the advent of a 4 conflict of interest which requires that the insured be 5 permitted to select independent counsel whose legal fees are 6 7 paid by the insurer. (c) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to address the 8 9 issues of denial of coverage by an insurer, claims in excess of policy limits and/or claims for punitive damages. 10 11 (d) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to determine the qualifications of independent counsel selected by the 12 insured and the compensation of such counsel by the insurer 13 in order to assure adequate representation and to avoid 14 15 excessive or fraudulent billings for legal services provided by 16 independent counsel. 17 (e) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to ensure 18 protection of the attorney-client privilege in the context of 19 independent counsel for insureds arising from conflict of 20 interest. 21 I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to provide for 22 resolution of attorney fee disputes and waiver of counsel. 23

Section 2. Section 12111 is hereby added to Chapter 12 of Division 2 of

Title 22 of the Guam Code Annotated to read as follows:

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"Section 12111. Conflicts of interest; Duty of insurer to provide independent counsel for insured under a reservation of rights; Limitations on the duty to provide independent counsel; Selection and compensation of counsel; Arbitration of fee disputes; Duty to disclose to and consult with the insurer; No duty to disclose material relating to coverage issues; Attorney-client privilege extended to material disclosed to the insured or its counsel; Waiver of right to independent counsel; Right of independent counsel to participate in litigation; Insured not relieved of duty to cooperate with insurer under the provisions of the insurance contract.

(a)

If the provisions of a policy of insurance impose a duty to defend upon an insurer and a conflict of interest arises which creates a duty on the part of the insurer to provide independent counsel to the insured, the insurer shall provide independent counsel to represent the insured unless, at the time the insured is informed that a possible conflict may arise or does exist, the insured expressly waives, in writing, the right to independent counsel. An insurance contract may contain a provision which sets forth the of selecting independent counsel. method consistent with this section.

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- (b) For purposes of this section, a conflict of interest does not exist as to all allegations or facts in the litigation for which the insurer denies coverage; however, when an insurer reserves its rights on a given issue and the outcome of that coverage issue can be controlled by counsel first retained by the insurer for the defense of the claim, a conflict of interest may exist. No conflict of interest shall be deemed to exist as to allegations of punitive damages or be deemed to exist solely because an insured is sued for an amount in excess of the insurance policy limits.
- When the insured has selected independent (c) counsel to represent him or her, the insurer may exercise its right to require that the counsel selected by the insured possess certain minimum qualifications which may include that the selected counsel have (1) at least five years in litigation which civil practice includes substantial defense experience in the subject at issue in the litigation, and (2) errors and omissions coverage. The insurer's obligation to pay fees to the independent counsel selected by the insured is limited to the rates which are a

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actually paid by the insurer to attorneys retained by it in the ordinary course of business in the defense of similar actions in the community where the claim arose or is being defended. This subdivision does not invalidate other different or additional policy provisions pertaining attorney's fees or providing methods settlement of disputes concerning those fees. Any dispute concerning attorney's fees not resolved by these methods shall be resolved by final and binding arbitration by a single neutral arbitrator selected by the parties to the dispute. In the event that the parties cannot agree on the selection of a neutral arbitrator, then upon petition of any party to the dispute, the Superior Court of Guam shall designate a neutral arbitrator.

(d) When independent counsel has been selected by the insured, it shall be the duty of that counsel and the insured to disclose to the insurer all information concerning the action except privileged materials relevant to coverage disputes, and timely to inform and consult with the insurer on all matters relating to the action.

Any claim of privilege asserted is subject to in camera review by the Superior Court of Guam. Any information disclosed by the insured or by independent counsel is not a waiver of the privilege as to any other party, person, or legal entity.

- (e) The insured may waive its rights to select independent counsel by signing the following statement: "I have been advised and informed of my right to select independent counsel to represent me in this lawsuit. I have considered this matter fully and freely waive my right to select independent counsel at this time. I authorize my insurer to select a defense attorney to represent me in this lawsuit.
- (f) Where the insured selects independent counsel pursuant to the provisions of this section, both the counsel provided by the insurer and independent counsel selected by the insured shall be allowed to participate in all aspects of the litigation. Counsel shall cooperate fully in the exchange of information that is consistent with each counsel's ethical and legal obligation to the insured. Nothing in this section shall

relieve the insured of his or her duty to cooperate with the insurer under the provisions of the insurance contract."



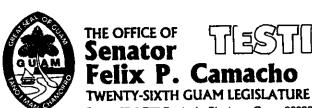
Public Hearing 10 a.m. Tuesday, June 19, 2001

AGENDA

Ţ	Call	to	Order
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- II. Announcement and Introduction of Members
- III. Confirmation Hearing: Francisco Q. Taitano to the Guam International Airport Authority Board of Directors
- IV. Legislative Measure: BILL NO. 83 Guam Raceway Park
- V. Legislative Measure: BILL NO. 90 Insurance Conflicts
- VI. Legislative Measure: BILL NO. 94 Insurance Laws on Guam
- VII. Remarks
- VIII. Adjournment

Committee on Tourism, Transportation & Economic Development



TESTIMONY SIGNOIN SHEET

COMMITTEE ON TOURISM, TRANSPORTATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Suite 158 • 777 Route 4 • Sinajana, Guam 96926 • Phones 1.671 472-3544 / 45 / 46 • Fax 1.671 472-3534

Bill No. 90 Insurance Conflicts of Interest

NAME:	ORGANIZATION: Chairman of the
RICHARD REBER	INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
CONTACT: 477-8801	MAILING ADDRESS: 2082 PHOGRANA GURM
NAME: PHICIP MALLIA	ORGANIZATION: &BE (NSUPLACE (INTERNATIONAL) LIM:
CONTACT: 635 2823	MAILING ADDRESS:
NAME: RIDEOUT	ORGANIZATION: HON INSURANCE MICRONESIA GUAN
CONTACT: 64-9 8016	MAILING ADDRESS: 278 SOUTH MARINE DUE TAMUNING.
NAME: John E. Woone	ORGANIZATION: Pacific Indemnity
CONTACT: 67 Super 477.9708 541.386-2013	MAILING ADDRESS: 2158 W. SAMMEN AUR, WILLIAM ON 8703/
NAME: LAWRENCE TEKER	ORGANIZATION: TEKER, CIVILLE, TORKES
CONTACT: 477-9891	MAILING ADDRESS: ANA CORTEZ
NAME:	ORGANIZATION:
CONTACT:	MAILING ADDRESS:
NAME:	ORGANIZATION:
CONTACT:	MAILING ADDRESS:

John E. Moore

Attorney at Law 2458 West Sherman Avenue Hood River, Oregon 97031 Tel. (541) 386-2073 Fax (541) 386-6825

June 14, 2001

Senator Felix P. Camacho Chairman, Committee on Tourism, Transportation and Finance Twenty-Sixth Guam Legislature Suite 158, 777 Route 4 Sinajania, Guam 96926

RE: Senate Bill 90 (LS)

Dear Senator Camacho:

This letter is written in support of Senate Bill 90 (LS), which is scheduled for hearing on Tuesday, June 19, 2001, before the Committee on Tourism, Transportation and Finance.

By way of introduction, I have been a member of the Guam Bar Association since 1977, and have practiced law on Guam for more than twenty five years. During that time, I worked with litigation matters including many insurance defense cases. In that regard, I have been aware for some time of certain problems existing on Guam in connection with conflicts of interest arising between an insured and his insurance company.

When a legitimate conflict of interest arises in connection with insurance litigation where the outcome of a coverage issue can be controlled by counsel first selected and retained by the insurance company, the law generally recognizes that the insurance company has an obligation to pay for independent counsel selected by the insured to represent his interests in that litigation. Problems have arisen, however, when a conflict of interest is asserted merely because a claim for punitive damages has been alleged, or where a conflict of interest is said to have arisen only because the claim asserted is in excess of policy limits. In the case of punitive damages, the insurance company should not be required to pay for independent counsel for the simple reason that it has no duty to pay a loss caused by the willful act of an insured 22 GCA §18602. Similarly, an insurance company should not be required to pay for independent counsel simply because a claim is in excess of policy limits. All of us make decisions concerning the amount of insurance

coverage purchased. The insurance company should not be obligated to pay for legal services not covered by the insurance contract. The insurance company should also not be required to pay for independent counsel in those cases where it simply denies coverage, as opposed to the situation where the company agrees to defend the case but reserves the right to contest coverage at a later time. In such cases, counsel first retained by the insurance company has no conflict of interest since the coverage issue has been resolved by the denial of coverage.

Other problems have arisen in connection with the payment of fees generated by independent counsel selected by the insured. Excessive hourly rates have been charged and "make work" billings have been generated when they were clearly not required by the litigation at hand. Instances have also arisen where counsel selected by an insured simply lacks the professional experience and qualifications required to defend a complex insurance case. Problems have also surfaced in terms of the level of cooperation existing between the insured, his attorney and the insurance company. Obviously, an effective defense is not possible without the cooperation of the insured and his lawyer.

This brief recital of the problems existing illustrates the need for legislative action. The retention of independent counsel in those cases where none is required, and unnecessary and excessive billings simply multiply litigation costs which in turn generate higher premium rates - an increased expense that can ill be afforded by Guam consumers given the existing economic situation. Senate Bill 90 (LS), which largely mirrors § 2860 of the California Civil Code, enacted in 1987 to combat these same problems, has been proven in actual use and will provide much needed relief.

In summary, I support Senate Bill 90 (LS) for the following reasons:

- It will eliminate uncertainty concerning the right of an insured to select independent counsel in those cases where a genuine conflict of interest arises between the insured and his insurance company.
- It will require the insurance company to pay the legal fees generated by independent counsel in cases involving a legitimate conflict of interest.
- It relieves the insurance company from the obligation to pay for independent counsel
 in those cases where coverage has been denied, thus avoiding any conflict of interest
 on the part of the attorney first retained by the insurance company.
- It will eliminate abuses arising from situations where a conflict of interest has been asserted based only upon a claim for punitive damages or because the claim asserted is in excess of policy limits.

- It will prevent abusive fee billing practices by limiting the fees charged by independent counsel to the same rates paid by the insurance company for similar work where the claim arose or is being defended.
- It will require the insured and independent counsel selected by him to cooperate with the insurance company in defending the action, while at the same time protecting the attorney-client privilege concerning coverage issues.

Senate Bill 90 (LS) represents a fair and even handed approach to the conflict of interest problem and provides adequate representation for an insured in legitimate conflict situations. I strongly support its passage.

Respectfully Submitted,

John E. Moore

MINA'BENTE SAIS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2001 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No.	<u> au</u>	_(<u>LG</u>)
Bill No.	<u> UU_</u>	_(<u>L</u> 1)

Introduced by:

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A. R. Unpingco F.P. CAMACHO M. GCREZ

AN ACT TO ADD §12111 TO ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 12, DIVISION 2 OF TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN THE INSURER AND INSURED; DUTY OF INSURER TO PROVIDE INDEPENDENT COUNSEL TO INSURED IN CERTAIN CASES; SELECTION AND COMPENSATION OF COUNSEL; WAIVER OF COUNSEL.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*finds that there is a need to eliminate uncertainty concerning the rights of
insured parties and insurers following a claimed loss and during the claims
process. This includes the following concerns:

(a) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to eliminate uncertainty concerning the right of an insured to select independent counsel when a conflict of interest arises between insured and insurer together with the obligation of the insurer to pay for such legal services.

(b) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to define the duty of an insurer to provide independent counsel for its insured when an insurer reserves its rights as to coverage under a policy of insurance and to define the advent of a conflict of interest which requires that the insured be permitted to select independent counsel whose legal fees are paid by the insurer.

- (c) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to address the issues of denial of coverage by an insurer, claims in excess of policy limits and/or claims for punitive damages.
- (d) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to determine the qualifications of independent counsel selected by the insured and the compensation of such counsel by the insurer in order to assure adequate representation and to avoid excessive or fraudulent billings for legal services provided by independent counsel.
- (e) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to ensure protection of the attorney-client privilege in the context of independent counsel for insureds arising from conflict of interest.
- (f) I Liheslaturan Guahan finds that there is a need to provide for resolution of attorney fee disputes and waiver of counsel.
- **Section 2**. Section 12111 is hereby *added* to Chapter 12 of Division 2 of Title 22 of the Guam Code Annotated to read as follows:

"Section 12111. Conflicts of interest; Duty of insurer to provide independent counsel for insured under a reservation of rights; Limitations on the duty to provide independent counsel; Selection and compensation of counsel; Arbitration of fee disputes; Duty to disclose to and consult with the insurer; No duty to disclose material relating to coverage issues; Attorney-client privilege extended to material disclosed to the insured or its counsel; Waiver of right to independent counsel; Right of independent counsel to participate in litigation; Insured not relieved of duty to cooperate with insurer under the provisions of the insurance contract.

(a)

If the provisions of a policy of insurance impose a duty to defend upon an insurer and a conflict of interest arises which creates a duty on the part of the insurer to provide independent counsel to the insured, the insurer shall provide independent counsel to represent the insured unless, at the time the insured is informed that a possible conflict may arise or does exist, the insured expressly waives, in writing, the right to independent counsel. An insurance contract may contain a provision which sets forth the method of selecting independent counsel consistent with this section.

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- (b) For purposes of this section, a conflict of interest does not exist as to all allegations or facts in the litigation for which the insurer denies coverage; however, when an insurer reserves its rights on a given issue and the outcome of that coverage issue can be controlled by counsel first retained by the insurer for the defense of the claim, a conflict of interest may exist. No conflict of interest shall be deemed to exist as to allegations of punitive damages or be deemed to exist solely because an insured is sued for an amount in excess of the insurance policy limits.
- When the insured has selected independent (c) counsel to represent him or her, the insurer may exercise its right to require that the counsel selected by the insured possess certain minimum qualifications which may include that the selected counsel have (1) at least five years in which civil litigation practice includes substantial defense experience in the subject at issue in the litigation, and (2) errors and omissions coverage. The insurer's obligation to pay fees to the independent counsel selected by the insured is limited to the rates which are a

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actually paid by the insurer to attorneys retained by it in the ordinary course of business in the defense of similar actions in the community where the claim arose or is being defended. This subdivision does not invalidate other different or additional policy provisions pertaining fees or providing methods attorney's settlement of disputes concerning those fees. Any dispute concerning attorney's fees not resolved by these methods shall be resolved by final and binding arbitration by a single neutral arbitrator selected by the parties to the dispute. In the event that the parties cannot agree on the selection of a neutral arbitrator, then upon petition of any party to the dispute, the Superior Court of Guam shall designate a neutral arbitrator.

(d) When independent counsel has been selected by the insured, it shall be the duty of that counsel and the insured to disclose to the insurer all information concerning the action except privileged materials relevant to coverage disputes, and timely to inform and consult with the insurer on all matters relating to the action.

Any claim of privilege asserted is subject to in camera review by the Superior Court of Guam. Any information disclosed by the insured or by independent counsel is not a waiver of the privilege as to any other party, person, or legal entity.

- (e) The insured may waive its rights to select independent counsel by signing the following statement: "I have been advised and informed of my right to select independent counsel to represent me in this lawsuit. I have considered this matter fully and freely waive my right to select independent counsel at this time. I authorize my insurer to select a defense attorney to represent me in this lawsuit.
- (f) Where the insured selects independent counsel pursuant to the provisions of this section, both the counsel provided by the insurer and independent counsel selected by the insured shall be allowed to participate in all aspects of the litigation. Counsel shall cooperate fully in the exchange of information that is consistent with each counsel's ethical and legal obligation to the insured. Nothing in this section shall

relieve the insured of his or her duty to cooperate with the insurer under the provisions of the insurance contract."